Multiple Choice: Circle the letter of the correct answer.

1. For the first part of her life, Esperanza lived in:
   A. California
   B. Puerto Rico
   C. Mexico
   D. Texas

2. Esperanza’s _______ died during the novel.
   A. Grandma
   B. Grandpa
   C. Mother
   D. Father

3. What does Esperanza receive as a special birthday gift from her papa each year?
   A. Bracelet
   B. Doll
   C. Dress
   D. Book

4. With whom did Esperanza have difficulty getting along during the novel?
   A. Marta
   B. Hortensia
   C. Isabel
   D. Alfonso

5. Which chore did Miguel teach to Esperanza after arriving at camp?
   A. Washing dishes
   B. Washing clothes
   C. Sweeping
   D. Making beds

6. Which character grows very ill and must go to the hospital?
   A. Miguel
   B. Isabel
   C. Esperanza
   D. Mama

7. Alfonso and Miguel brought this surprise to the camp:
   A. Letters
   B. Tea
   C. Roses
   D. Seeds

8. The novel begins and ends around which holiday?
   A. Christmas
   B. Esperanza’s birthday
   C. Mr. and Mrs. Ortega’s anniversary
   D. Cinco de Mayo

9. The Spanish word for an event of festivities and celebration is:
   A. Ma nieta
   B. Piñata
   C. Siesta
   D. Fiesta

10. Which character says, “You were right Esperanza. In Mexico, we stand on different sides of the river”?
    A. Marta
    B. Tio Luis
    C. Isabel
    D. Miguel

11. Which character originally says, “Wait a little while and the fruit will fall into your hand”?
    A. Mama
    B. Papa
    C. Abuelita
    D. Miguel

12. What position does Isabel yearn to obtain at school?
    A. Class president
    B. Stage crew for the May Day play
    C. Teacher’s Helper
    D. May Day Queen
Matching: On the line, write the letter of the character who said the quote.

13. “Do not be afraid to start over.”
   ___ A. Esperanza

14. Calls Esperanza “mi reina,” “my queen.”
   ___ B. Abuelita

15. “We cannot travel in this car. It... it is not clean. And the people do not look trustworthy”
   ___ C. Mama

16. “Here, we have two choices. To be together and miserable or to be together and happy. Mija, we have each other and Abuelita will come.”
   ___ D. Marta

17. Calls Esperanza “La Cenicienta,” “Cinderella.”
   ___ E. Miguel

18. In response to being asked what she wants for Christmas, “That’s easy! I want anything!”
   ___ F. Isabel

Matching: On the line, write the word from the box that best matches the definition.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plot</th>
<th>Theme</th>
<th>Conflict</th>
<th>Symbolism</th>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Foreshadow</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19. The central message, idea, or concern that is expressed in a literary work. The meaning of the events or words within a story. Usually teaches a lesson.</td>
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<td>20. The major problem(s) faced by the protagonist of a story.</td>
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<td>21. The sequence of events in a literary work.</td>
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<td>22. The art of using an object or word to represent an abstract idea. Anything that stands for or represents something else.</td>
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<td>23. Occurs when a writer provides hints that suggest future events in a story. Creates suspense and makes readers eager to find out what will happen.</td>
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<td>24. The time and location of the events described in a literary work.</td>
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True or False: Read each statement carefully and decide whether it is TRUE or FALSE. Write the ENTIRE word, TRUE or FALSE, on the blank line. If you read the instructions, draw a star here:

25. _________ Marta tries to be friendly with Esperanza.

26. _________ Esperanza’s most prized possession is her Papa’s handkerchief.

27. _________ Miguel and Alfonso secretly transport Papa’s roses to surprise Esperanza.

28. _________ Esperanza is excited to move from Mexico to the United States.

29. _________ The story of the phoenix is about a young bird that is reborn from its own ashes.

30. _________ In the end, Mama dies, but Abuelita reunites with Esperanza.
Multiple Choice: Circle the letter of the correct answer.

31. What is important about the chapter titles?
   A. Isabel shares how much she dislikes each food represented in the chapter titles.
   B. The chapter titles symbolize the passing of time according to harvests.
   C. Esperanza tells the story according to food bought and sold for profit.
   D. The chapter titles symbolize which type of food the family could eat.

32. Abuelita's blanket is important because...
   A. multiple generations have shared in piecing the fabric together for hundreds of years.
   B. it fell in the river, but Miguel jumped in and got it.
   C. the zigzag weaving represents the joys and struggles of life.
   D. all of the above.

33. What years are covered in this novel?
   A. 1924-1931
   B. 1850-1856
   C. 1940-1946
   D. 1900-1906

34. How does the relationship change between Isabel and Esperanza?
   A. When they first meet, Isabel teaches Esperanza the importance of the strikers. As the novel progresses, Esperanza convinces Isabel to join the ongoing movement.
   B. When they first meet, Isabel dislikes Esperanza, often humiliating her. As the novel progresses, Esperanza wins over Isabel and strengthens their relationship.
   C. When they first meet, Isabel teaches Esperanza how to do chores. As the novel progresses, Esperanza becomes the role model for Isabel, teaching her life lessons.
   D. When they first meet, Esperanza falls in love with Isabel's porcelain doll because it reminds her of Papa. As the novel progresses, Isabel decides to give the doll to Esperanza.

35. When Miguel returns from Mexico, who does he bring back with him?
   A. the person who means the most to Isabel
   B. the person who means the most to Josefina
   C. the person who means the most to Alfonso
   D. the person who means the most to Esperanza.

36. In the United States, Esperanza witnesses a lot of discrimination based on what factor?
   A. Gender
   B. Race
   C. Religion
   D. American Citizenship

37. Esperanza learns that “home” will always be...
   A. in Mexico.
   B. in the United States.
   C. where she can be with the people she loves.
   D. in her imagination.

38. What symbol does Esperanza use to explain to Miguel that they are from two separate classes and can never be together?
   A. A mountain
   B. A river
   C. A field mouse and bandits
   D. A vineyard

39. What does the phrase “There is no rose without thorns” mean?
   A. Roses are really thorny.
   B. Pricking your finger on a thorn is bad luck.
   C. There is no life without difficulties.
   D. There is no way for peasants to rise above their poor situation in Mexico.

40. Why doesn’t Isabel get to be the Queen of May at school?
   A. Because she gets a B in English.
   B. Because she’s not old enough.
   C. Because she was bullying her classmates.
   D. Because she’s Mexican.